

SIND ORDINANCE NO.V OF 1972
THE SIND WILD-LIFE PROTECTION ORDINANCE, 1972.

[Karachi, the 13th April, 1972]

An Ordinance to amend and consolidate the law relating to preservation, conservation and management of wild-life in Sind.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and consolidate the law relating to preservation, conservation and management of wild-life in Sind;

Preamble.

NOW, THEREFORE, in pursuance of the Martial Law Proclamation of 25th March, 1969, read with the Provisional Constitution Order, and in exercise of all powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor of Sind and Martial Law Administrator, Zone 'D' is please to make and promulgate the following Ordinance: -

1. (1) This Ordinance may be called the Sind Wild-life Protection Ordinance, 1972.

Short title and extent.

(2) It extends to the whole of the Province of Sind.

(3) Nothing hereinafter provided shall be deemed to authorize any person to hunt in the reserved or protected forests or on any person's private property without permission.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say—

Definitions.

(a) "Board" means the Sindh Wild-life Management Board constituted under section 4;

(b) "certificate", "licence" or "permit" means a certificate, licence or permit granted or issued under this Ordinance;

(c) "dealer" when used in relation to wild animals, trophies or meat, shall mean any person who in the course of trade or business carried on by him whether on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person—

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- (i) sells, purchases or barter any wild animal, is meat or trophy;
 - (ii) cuts, carves, polishes, preserves, cleans, mounts or otherwise prepares any such animal, trophy or meat or manufactures any article therefrom;
- (d) "game animal" means a wild animal specified in the First Schedule;
- (e) "game reserve" means any area declared as such under section 16;
- (f) "Government" means the Government of Sind;
- (g) "national park" means the area declared as such under sub-section (1) of section 15;
- (h) "officer" means the Chief Game Warden, a Game Warden, Game Inspector or Game Watcher or any other officer appointed honorary or otherwise in his behalf to carry out all or any of the purposes of this Ordinance or to do any thing required to be done by or under this Ordinance and includes every Forest-officer as defined in the Forest (Act XVI of 1927).
- (i) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules;
- (j) "protected animal" means a wild animal specified in the Second Schedule;
- (k) "rule" means a rule made under this Ordinance.
- (l) "trophy" means any dead animal or any horn, antler, tooth, tusk, bone, claw, hoof, skin, hair, feather, egg-shell or other durable part of a game animal or protected animal whether or not included in a manufactured or processed article;
- (m) "wild animal" means a wild bird or animal specified in the First or Second Schedule;

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(n) "wild-life" includes organic resources, animals, birds, reptiles vegetation, soil and water;

(o) "wild-life sanctuary" means the area declared as such under sub-section (1) of section 14.

3. (1) Government may determine the number and class of officers including honorary officers to be appointed under this Ordinance.

Appointment of officers.

(2) Except as otherwise prescribed, an honorary officer shall have all powers conferred by this Ordinance and shall hold office for a period of three years unless the appointment is revoked earlier.

4. (1) As soon as may be after the commencement of this Ordinance, Government shall establish a Board to be called the Sindh Wild-life Management Board.

Constitution of the Board.

(2) The Board shall be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal with power to acquire and hold property and shall by the said name sue and be sued.

(3) The Board shall consist of—

- (i) a Chairman; and
- (ii) such number of members as may be appointed by Government.

(4) Governor of Sind shall be the Chief Game Warden and *ex-officio* Chairman of the Board.

(5) A member shall unless sooner removed by Government hold office for such term as may be prescribed.

(6) Chairman may appoint any person a Secretary of the Board.

(7) The Board shall have such powers and exercise such duties as may be prescribed.

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(8) The meetings of the Board shall be held at such times and at such places and in accordance with such procedure as may be prescribed.

5. (1) There shall be a fund to be known as "Board fund" vested in the Board. The fund shall be raised and administered in such manner as may be prescribed. **Fund.**

(2) All moneys at the credit of the Board shall be kept in such custody as may be prescribed.

(3) The Board shall maintain complete and accurate books of accounts in such form as may be prescribed.

(4) The accounts of the Board shall be audited in such manner as may be prescribed.

(5) Copies of the audit report shall be sent to the Board and with the comments of the Board to Government.

(6) The Board shall carry out any direction issued by Government for rectification of an audit objection.

6. Government may require the Board or furnish Government with any return, statement, estimate, information or report regarding any matter under the control of the Board and the Board shall comply with every such requisition. **Returns and statements.**

7. No person shall— **Restrictions on hunting.**

- (i) hunt any protected animal;
- (ii) hunt any game animal except under a permit and in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance or the rules;
- (iii) hunt any wild animal by means of a set-gun, drop spear, dead-fall, gun trap, explosive projectile, bomb, grenade, baited hook, net, snare or any other trap, an automatic weapon, or a weapon of a caliber used by the Pakistan Army or Police Force or by means of a projectile

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containing any drug or chemical substance having the property of an anaesthetizing, paralyzing, stupefying or rendering incapable an animal whether partly or totally;

- (iv) hunt any game animal, other than birds or hares, with a hot gun or with non-magnum rifle of 22 calibre or less;
- (v) use, or have in his possession any net, snare, bhagwa, poison or like injurious substance for the purpose of hunting a game animal;
- (vi) use vehicle of any type to pursue any game animal, or to drive or stampede game animals for any purpose whatsoever;
- (vii) shoot any game animal from any conveyance or from within 200 yards of the conveyance;
- (viii) hunt with the help of decoys or call birds;
- (ix) construct or use, for the purpose of hunting any wild animal, any pitfall, game pit, trench or similar excavation, any fence or enclosure, or use bhagwa or any other similar contrivance:

Provided that it shall not be an offence to use—

- (a) a motor vehicle or aircraft to drive any wild animal away from an aerodrome or airstrip when such action is necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft using that aerodrome;
 - (b) any one or more of the aforesaid prohibited methods if the officer authorised in this behalf grants, at his discretion, a licence with permission to employ such methods;
- (x) hunt after sunset and before sunrise;

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(xi) hunt by hiding near a water hole or salt licks.

8. No person shall use hawks for hawking or dogs for coursing the game animals except under a special licence issued under this Ordinance.

Prohibition to employ hawks and dogs without special licence.

9. Any protected animal or game animal which is found dead or dying, or which has been killed or caught otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and any meat or trophy thereof shall be the property of Government.

Animals found dead of killed or caught unlawfully.

10. (1) No person shall be in possession of any wild animal dead or alive, trophy or meat of a protected animal or the horns of Goral, Ibex Sind Wild Goat, Markhor or Urial, or Skin of Beech or Stone Martan, Jungle Cats and Desert Cats unless he be in possession of a Certificate of Lawful Possession granted in respect thereof by the officer authorised in this behalf:

Certificate of Lawful Possession.

Provided that any person importing any wild animal, trophy or meat of a wild animal in accordance with this Ordinance, or acquiring such animal, trophy or meat in accordance with the terms of permit issued under this Ordinance, shall obtain such certificate by applying to the authorised officer within thirty days from the date of importing or acquiring the animal, trophy or meat.

(2) The officer authorised in this behalf may mark or register, the animal, trophy or meat in respect of which a Certificate of Lawful Possession is issued, in the prescribed manner or he may seize, pending the taking of legal action under this Ordinance, any such animal, trophy or meat which in his opinion has not been legally imported or acquired.

(3) No person shall counterfeit, change or in any way interfere with any marks or registration put on any animal, trophy or meat for which a Certificate of Lawful Possession has been issued, or alter or in any way change a Certificate of Lawful Possession.

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11. (1) No person shall transfer by gift, sale or otherwise to any other person any animal, trophy or meat of a kind specified in sub-section (1) of section 10 unless he be in possession of a Certificate of Lawful Possession in respect thereof, and such certificate is endorsed with details of the transaction and given to the transferee at the time of the transfer.

Restriction on transfer of animals, trophies or meat.

(2) No person shall receive by gift, purchase or otherwise any animal, trophy or meat of a kind specified in sub-section (1) of section 10 unless he receives at the same time valid Certificate of Lawful Possession in respect thereof.

12. (1) No person shall import, or attempt to import into Sind any wild animal of an endemic or exotic species, or any trophy or meat of a kind specified in sub-section (1) of section 10 except under an export permit granted under this Ordinance and if such export be to any country outside Pakistan except through a customs post of entry and subject to any law relating to control on impost for the time being in force.

Restriction on import and export of animals, trophies or meat.

(2) No person shall export, or attempt to export any animal, trophy or meat specified in sub-section (1) of section 10 except under an export permit granted under this Ordinance, and if such export be to any country outside Pakistan except through a customs post of exit and subject to any law relating to control on exports for the time being in force.

(3) Nothing in this section shall apply to any animal, trophy or meat in transit through Sind, if such animal, trophy or meat—

- (i) is accompanied by necessary transit customs documents;
- (ii) is entered through a customs post of entry or is scheduled to a customs post of exit;
- (iii) is not unloaded from the ship or motor vehicle on which it is being carried or, in the case of rail or air transport, it does not leave the precincts of the railway station or airport at which it is landed or trans-shipped or does not remain there for

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more than forty-eight hours.

13. (1) No person shall as a profession, trade or business, buy, sell or otherwise deal in wild animals, trophies or meat thereof, or process or manufacture goods or articles from such trophies or meat, unless he be in possession of a valid licence to do so, hereinafter called a dealer's licence issued by the officer authorised in this behalf.

Restriction on dealing in animals, trophies or meat.

(2) The officer authorised in this behalf may on payment of such fees as may be prescribed grant a dealer's licence to any person, which shall entitle that person to deal in any wild animal, trophy or meat thereof, or any class of wild animals, trophies or meat specified in such licence.

(3) For the purpose of assessment of fees dealers may be divided into different classes and a different fee may be prescribed for each class.

(4) The holder of a dealer's licence shall maintain such register or record of his dealings in such manner as may be prescribed, and shall produce them for inspection at any reasonable time when called upon to do so.

14. (1) Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare any area to be a wild-life sanctuary and may demarcate it in such manner as may be prescribed.

Wild life sanctuary.

(2) The wild-life sanctuary shall be set aside as undisturbed breeding ground for the protection of wild-life and access thereto for public shall, except in accordance with the rules, be prohibited and no exploitation of forest therein shall be allowed except for reducing fire-hazards, epidemic or insect attacks or other natural calamities.

(3) No person shall—

- (i) enter or reside,
- (ii) cultivate any land,
- (iii) damage or destroy any vegetation,
- (iv) hunt, kill or capture any wild animal or fire

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- any gun or other firearm within three miles of the boundaries or,
- (v) introduce any exotic species of animal or plant,
 - (vi) introduce any domestic animal or allow it to stray,
 - (vii) cause any fire, or
 - (viii) pollute water,

in a wild-life sanctuary:

Provided that Government may for scientific purposes or for aesthetic enjoyment or betterment of scenery authorise the doing of the aforementioned acts.

15. (1) With a view to the protection and preservation of scenery, flora and fauna in the natural state, Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare any area of outstanding scenic merit and natural interest to be a national part and, may demarcate it in such manner as may be prescribed. **National park.**

(2) A national park shall be assessable to public for recreation, education and research.

(3) Provision for access roads to and construction of rest houses, hostels and other buildings in the national park alongwith amenities for public may be so made and the forest therein shall be so managed and forest produce obtained as not to impair the object of the establishment of the national park.

(4) The following acts shall be prohibited in a national park: -

- (i) hunting, shooting, trapping, killing or capturing of any wild animal in a national park or within three miles radius of its boundary;
- (ii) firing any gun or doing any other act which may disturb any animal or bird or doing any

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act which interferes with the breeding places;

- (iii) Feeling, tapping, burning or in any way damaging or destroying, taking, collecting or removing any plant or tree there-from;
- (iv) Clearing or breaking up any land for cultivation, mining or for any other purpose;
- (v) Polluting water flowing in and through the national park:

Provided that Government may for scientific purpose or betterment of the national park authorise the doing of the above mentioned prohibited acts.

16. Government may declare any area to be a Game Reserve where hunting and shooting of wild animals shall not be allowed, except under a special permit, which may specify the maximum number of animals or birds that may be killed or captured and the area and duration for which such permits shall be valid.

Game Reserves.

17. (1) Whoever contravenes or attempts to contravene—

Penalties.

- (i) any provisions of sections 10, 11, 12 and 13 shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to a period of one year or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both, and any licence or permit granted or issued to him under this Ordinance shall be suspended for a period of two years;
- (ii) any provisions of section 7 shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to two years, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.
- (iii) Any provisions of sections 8, 9 and 24 shall be punished with a fine which may extend to

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five hundred rupees;

- (iv) Any provision of this Ordinance or any rule for the contravention of which no special penalty is provided, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

(2) Whoever interferes or attempts to interfere in the performance of any functions or in the discharge of any duties under this Ordinance, shall be punished as in clause (i) of sub-section (1).

(3) Whoever, having already been convicted of an offence under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) is again convicted thereunder, shall, on every subsequent conviction be punished with imprisonment which shall not be less than twelve months or fine which shall not be less than one thousand rupees or both, and his firearm, vehicle, appliance or anything used in the commission of the offence and his hunting licence shall be confiscated and he shall not be entitled to a hunting licence for a period of then years.

18. An abetment of any offence under this Ordinance shall be punishable as the offence.

Abetment of an offence.

19. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Ordinance it shall not be an offence if—

Killing or capturing in self-defence.

- (a) any person kills any wild animal by any means in he immediate defence of his own life or that of any other person;
- (b) the owner of standing crops or his employee kills any wild animal which is doing material damage to those crops by any means within the bounds of those crops;
- (c) the owner of livestock or his employee kills any wild animal that is doing damage to the livestock by any means within a reasonable distance or where

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that livestock is grazing or where it is enclosed for the night:

Provided that clauses (b) and (c) shall not apply to any unlawful cultivation in a national park, wild-life sanctuary and a reserved or protected forest or any livestock unlawfully grazing or herded therein.

(2) The killing under sub-section (1) of wild animals specified in the First and Second Schedules shall be reported to the nearest office established for the purposes of this Ordinance with the least possible delay.

20. When in any proceedings taken under this Ordinance or in consequence of anything done under this Ordinance, a question arises as to whether any wild animal, trophy or meat is the property of Government, such wild animal, trophy or meat shall be presumed to be the property of Government, such wild animal, trophy or meat shall be presumed to be the property of Government until the contrary is proved.

Onus of proof.

21. Any officer or any other person authorised by Government in this behalf, may search any person, premises, vessel, vehicle, animal, package, receptacle or conversing so as to satisfy himself as to whether or not an offence under this Ordinance has been committed.

Power to search without warrant.

22. Any officer or any other person authorised by Government in this behalf, may seize any wild animal dead or alive together with any firearm, net, trap, snare, bow arrow or any vehicle or vessel or anything whatsoever used or suspected to have been used in the commission of an offence under this Ordinance.

Power of seizure.

23. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Ordinance the officer or any other person authorised in this behalf may sell any property seized under section 22 which is subject to speedy and natural decay, and may subject to the determination of the rights thereto deal with the proceeds in such manner as may be prescribed.

Procedure as to perishable property seized under section 22.

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24. Every person in possession of any wild animal specified in the Second Schedule shall produce his Certificate of Lawful Possession on demand made by any officer or any other person authorised by Government in this behalf.

Duty to produce permit on demand made by any officer or person authorised in this behalf.

25. Every coupe purchaser of forest produce, public work department daroga, chowkidars, village watchman, abdar, tapedar, supervising tapedar and Mukhtiarkar shall be bound in the absence of reasonable excuse to give to any officer or any person authorised in this behalf by Government, information in respect of any snaring, trapping, netting, unauthorized killing or any other offence under this Ordinance committed within the limits of his jurisdiction, as soon as the commission of such offence comes to his knowledge.

Duty of coupe purchaser, chowkidars, village watchman, etc.

26. When the offender is not known or cannot be found any officer authorised in this behalf may, if he find that an offence has been committed, confiscate the property used in the commission of the offence.

Procedure when offender not known or cannot be found.

27. (1) Any officer or any other person authorised in this behalf may, without orders from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest any person against whom a reasonable suspicion exists of his having been concerned in any offence under this Ordinance.

Power to arrest.

(2) Every officer making an arrest under this section shall without un-necessary delay and subject to the provisions of this Ordinance as to release on bond, take or send the person arrested before the Magistrate having jurisdiction in the case or the officer in charge of the nearest police station.

28. Any officer not below the rank of the Game Inspector or of an equivalent rank who has arrested any person under the provisions of section 27 may release such person on his executing a bond to appear, if and when so required, before the Magistrate having jurisdiction in the case or before the officer-in-charge of the nearest police-station.

Power to release on a bond of a person arrested.

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29. Every officer or any other person authorised in this behalf shall prevent and may interfere for the purpose of preventing the commission of any offence. **Power to prevent commission of offence.**
30. (1) No Court shall take cognizance of any offence under this Ordinance except on the complaint of the officer or any person authorised by Government in this behalf. **Persons who may lodge complaints, and cognizance of offence.**
- (2) No Court inferior to that of a Magistrate of the first class or a mobile Court of a special Magistrate set up under this Ordinance shall take cognizance of an offence under this Ordinance.
31. The District Magistrate or any Magistrate of the first class specially empowered in this behalf by Government may try summarily, any offence, punishable under this Ordinance **Power to try offences summarily.**
32. Nothing contained in this Ordinance shall be deemed to prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any act of commission which constitutes an offence under this Ordinance or from being liable under any other law to any higher punishment or penalty than that provided by this Ordinance. **Prosecution of offences under any other law.**
33. (1) Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, empower an officer— **Power to compound offence.**
- (a) to accept from any person against whom reasonable suspicion exists that he has committed any offence under this Ordinance, a sum of money by way of compensation for such offence;
- (b) when any property has been seized as liable to confiscation, to release the same on payment of the value thereof, as estimated by such officer.
- (2) On the payment of compensation such sum of money, or such value of property under sub-section (1) or both, as the case may be, the suspected person if in custody, shall be discharged and the property, if any, seized shall be released and no further proceedings shall be taken against such person

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or property.

(3) The sum of money accepted as compensation under clause (a) of sub-section (1) shall in no case exceed the sum of five hundred rupees.

(4) No officer shall have power to compound a second and subsequent offence under this Ordinance.

34. Government may invest any officer or an other person authorised in this behalf with all or any of the following powers, that is to say—

Government may invest officer with certain powers.

(a) the powers of a Civil Court to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents and material objects;

(b) the power to issue a search warrant under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898);

(c) the power to hold an inquiry into offences under this Ordinance and in the course of such inquiry to receive and record evidence; and

(d) the powers to prosecute a case before a Magistrate.

35. The officers or persons authorised under any provisions of this Ordinance to do a certain thing or act in certain manner shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of the Pakistan Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860).

Officers etc., to be public servants.

36. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against any officer for any thing in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of any provision of this Ordinance or the rules.

Protection of action taken under this Ordinance.

37. Every Police Officer shall, upon request made by any officer or person employed under this Ordinance, assist him in the due discharge of his duties under this Ordinance.

Duty of Police Officer.

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38. Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, delegate all or any of the powers conferred upon it under the provisions of this Ordinance to any officer subordinate to it.

Delegation of powers.

39. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, Government may, in the interest of any scientific or public purpose allow by notification in the official Gazette, killing and capturing of such wild animals in any specified place by any specified means.

Power to grant exemption.

40. Government may, by notification, in respect to any specified area—

Power to add to or exclude from Schedules.

- (i) add to or exclude from the Schedules any wild animal, subject to such conditions as it may impose in each case;
- (ii) alter the period during which any wild animal specified in the First Schedule may be killed.

41. (1) Government may, make rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Ordinance.

Power to make rules.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for—

- (a) the function and powers of the Board;
- (b) the powers and duties of the officers and other persons, specially authorised to perform functions under this Ordinance;
- (c) the form in which, the terms and conditions on which, a licence, special licence, a permit or a special permit may be granted;
- (d) the fees to be charged for any licence or permit or special licence or special permit;
- (e) in the case of any species of wild animals the number and the sex that may be killed under a

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special permit;

- (f) reward to persons who render help in detection of offences under this Ordinance;
- (g) the authorities by whom, and the conditions on which, and the manner in which, licences, may be issued;
- (h) the management of wild-life sanctuaries, national parks and Game Reserves;
- (i) tenure of office, resignation and terms and conditions of Members of the Board;
- (j) the recruitment, tenure of office, terms and conditions of service of the officers and servants appointed by the Board;
- (k) the delegation of administrative and financial powers to Member, Secretary, officers and servants of the Board or the persons;
- (l) any other matter required under any of the provisions of this Ordinance to be prescribed.

42. Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare that the Board shall be dissolved on such date and with such consequences as may be specified in the notification.

Dissolution of the Board.

43. (1) The following enactments in their application to the Province of Sind are hereby repealed: -

Repeal and savings.

- (a) the Wild Birds and Animals Protection Act, 1912 (Act VIII of 1912); and
- (b) the West Pakistan Wild-Life Protection Ordinance, 1959 (West Pakistan Ordinance LVI of 1959).

(2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the enactments mentioned in sub-section (1), everything done, action taken,

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obligation, liability, penalty or punishment incurred, inquiry or proceeding commenced, officer appointed or person authorised, jurisdiction or power conferred, rules made and licence or order issued under the provisions of the said enactments or rules made thereunder shall continue in force and, so far as may be, be deemed to have been respectively done, taken, incurred, commenced, appointed, authorised, conferred, made or issued under this Ordinance and any enactment or document referring to any of the said provisions shall, as far as may be construed to refer to this Ordinance or the corresponding provision thereof.

FIRST SCHEDULE
[See section 2(d)]
Game Animals

Part-I — Animals which may be hunted on an ordinary Hunting Permit.

Name of Animal.	Number allowed.	Time and Season when hunting permitted.
1	2	3
Anatidae Ducks. Dendrocyna Javanica. Lesser Whistling Teal, Silahli.	Unlimited but not more than eight ducks of all species combined may be killed in any one day.	1 st October to 1 st March
Dendrocyna bicolor. Large Whistling Teal, Bara Silahli Chukka.		
Tandorna feruginea. Ruddy Shelduck or Brahminy Duck, Surkhab, Chakwa Lal Surkhab. Tandorna tadorna. Common Shelduck, Safro Chakwa Safed Surkhab.		
Anas acuta. Pintail, Sanh, Sikhpar, Digosh. Anas crecca. Common Teal, Keraputari, Schuruka, Muraro.		

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Anas Formosa. Baikal Teal, Keraputari,
Suchuruka, Barkani,
Anas Platyrhynchos. Mallard, Chaka,
Nilsir, Nilrugi.

Anas Streera. Gadwall, Mila, Bhur,
Beykur.
Anas falcate. Falcated Teal,
Chotiya, Wano Hurwa.
Anas Penelope. Wigeon, peasan,
Partarui, Lal Sir.

Anas querquedula. Garganey, Chai
Putari.

Anas clypeata. Shoveller, Tidari,
Punana, Tarakwala, Ghira.

Metta refina. Ged-crested Pochard,
Lalsir.

Aythya ferina. Common Pochard,
Burana, Thurhandao.

Aythya nyroca. White-eyed Pochard,
Karachiya, Burar Mada, Lalbigri
Budha.

Aythya baeri. Baer's Pochard.

Aythya fuligula. Tufted Duck, Dabara,
Abtak Bohwara.
Aythya marila. Scaup.

Clangula hyemalis. Old squaw,
longtail Duck.

Bucephalus clangula. Golden eye
Duck, Kumbaro.

Mergus abellus. Smew, Dayali, Jhalli.

Mergus merganser. Goosander,

Mergus serrator. Red-breasted

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Meganser.

Phasianidae. Pheasants, Partridges, Quails, Spurfowls, Peafowls and Jungle fowls.

Lerwa lerwa. Snow Partridge, Titlue, Dhedu, Parahut.	Unlimited but not more than five per day.	1 st November to 1 st March.
Ammoperdix griseogularis. Seesee partridge, Kuckie, Chuklau, Siai.	Unlimited but not more than five per day.	1 st November to 1 st March.
Tetraogallus himalayensia. Shnow Cock, Golind, Lip Lipya.	Not more than five per year.	1 st November to 1 st March.
Alectoris graeca. Chuker, Chukor, Chukra, Khonk, Charu, Zarkar.	Unlimited but not more than six per day.	Wednesday. Sunday & Gazetted Holidays from 1 st Nov. to 1 st March.
Francolinus francolinus asiae. Black Partridge, Kala Titar, Tetra, Karo Titra, Kais Titar,	Do.	Do.
Francolinus pondicerianus. Grey Partridge,, Titar, Kyah, Khyr, Kaijah, Bhura Titar.	Do.	Do.
Francolinus gularis. Swamp Partridge, Gul Titar, Bheel Titar.	Do.	Do.
Coturnix coturnix. Common Quail, Betar, Kurrak, Bhatri,	Unlimited but not more than 12 of all species of quail combined in any one day.	1 st November to 1 st March
Coturnix coromandeliea. Rain Quail, Baster. Coturnix chinensis. Blue-breasted Quail, Gurru.		
Perdicula argoondah. Rock Bush Quail, lowwa. Perdicula asiaticia. Jungle Bush Quail, Lowwa.		

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Turnix sylvatica. Little Bustard Quail,
 Badkhi, Chota Bater.

Turnix tanki. Button Quail, Bater,
 Lowwa.

Turnix suscitator. Common Bustard
 Quail, Gulu.

Arborophila Rufousthroated Hill Partridge, Dau Buil	refogularis.	Unlimited but not more than five per day.	Wednesday Sunday & Gazetted Holidays from 1 st Nov. to 1 st March.
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Arborophila cheeked Hill Partridge, Peura, San Batai.	atrogularis.	White do.	Do.
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Otididae: Bustards		Unlimited but not more than two per day.	Do.
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Chlamydotis undulate. Houbara
 Bustard, Tiloor, Kharmor Kar Wanak.

Charadriidae, Plovers, Sandpipers,
 snipe and other Waders.

Venellus Lapwing.	leucures.	White-tailed Whie-tailed	Unlimited but not more than eight lapwings or plovers of all species combined in any one day.	1 st November to 1 st March.
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Venellus vanellus. Lapwing, Rodhur,
 Sabaz Titti

Venellus cinerus. Grey-headed
 Lapwing.

Venellus indicus. Red-wattled
 Lapwing.
 Ita, Titeri, Tatechar.

Vanellus spinosus. Super-winged
 Lapwing.

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Vanellus malabaricus. Yellow-wattled
Lapwing, Zirdi, Jithiri.

Pluvialis apricaria. Golden Plover,
Chota Batan.

Pluvialis dominica. Easter Golden
Plover, Sona Batan.

Numenius phaeopus. Whimbrel, Chota, Goungh, Chota Golinda.	Unlimited but not more than two per day.	1 st November to 1 st March.
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Numenius arquata. Curlew, Goar, Goungh, Choppa, Sada, Kastachura.	Do.	Do.
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Capella memoricola. Wood Snipe, Chaha, Sumkikri Jalkikri.	Unlimited but not more than twelve snipes of all species combined in any one day.	Do.
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Capella gallinago. Fantail Snipe,
Pakhi, Jalakri.

Capella solitaria. Solitary Snipe.
Ban Chaha.

Capella stenura. Pintail Snipe, Pakhi,
Jalakri, Kadakhocha.

Capella Minima. Jack Snipe, Chota
Chaha, Asraf Pak.

Capella media. Great Snipe, Dum
Pakhi.

Rostratula benghalensis. Painted
Snipe, Rajchaha, Baggargi.

Burhinidae: Stone Curlews or stone
Plovers.

Burhinus oedicephalus. Stone Curlew Lambi, Karakwanak, Basirl.	Unlimited but not more than two per day.	1 st November to 1 st March
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Esacus magnirostris. Great Stone Plover.	Do.	
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Ptericlididae: Sandgrouse Syrraptes tibetanus. Tibetan Sangrouse, Nok, Kaling, Kung.	Unlimited but not more than twelve sand grouse of all species combined in any one day.	1 st November to 1 st March.
Pterocles exustus. Indian Sangrouse, Bhattitar		
Pteroeles senegallus. Spotted Sangrouse.		
Pterocles orientalis. Imperial Sandgrouse, Bhattitar Gero Bakht, Bakh.		
Pterocles coronatus. Coronetted Sandgrouse, Bhatta, Bal.		
Pterocles indicus. Close-barred or painted Sandgrouse, Harisia, Sina, Dukru.		
Columbidae: Pigeons. Green Pigeons, and Doves.		
All species of Pigeons, Green Pigeons and Doves other than members of the genus Ducula (Imperial Pigeons) which are protected.	Unlimited but not more than twenty birds of all species in any one day.	1 st November to 1 st March.
Rallidae: Coots and Moorhens.		
Amauronis Phoenicurus. Whitebreasted Moorhen, Dawak, Pampaira, Kuraki.	Unlimited but not more than ten coots and Moorhens of all species combined in any one day.	Do.
Gallimula chloropus. Moorhen, Jal Murghi, Dakabpairs.		
Porphyrio porphyria. Purple Moorhen, Kaim, Kulang, Cajro.		
Pulicula atra. Coot, Khushkal, Dasari,		

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Kanramdab.

Lepus; Hares.

Lepus capensis. Khargosh.	Cape hare,	Unlimited but not more than fine hares of all species combined in any one day.	All year round.
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Lepus nigricollis. Indian Hare, Khargosh.	Arabian Hare,
Lepus arabicus. Arabian Hare, Khargosh.	

Part-II — Animals for hunting of which Special Permit is required.

Name of Animal.	Season when hunting permitted.	Localities where hunting is permitted.
1	2	3
Matres fonia. Beech or Stone Martan.	1 st Nov. to 1 st March	Wherever found except in National Parks, Wild life Sanctuaries or Game Reserves.
Felis libyca. Desert Cat Jhang, Meao.	1 st Nov. to 1 st March	Wherever found except in National Parks, Wild life Sanctuaries or Game Reserves.
Felis chaus. Jungle Cat, Ban Bilar, Khatas	Do.	Do.
Nemorhaedus goral. Goral, Pig, Pijur, Bai Bom.	Do.	In such area as the Chief Game Warden may from time to time specify.
Capra ibex. Ibex, Sakin, danmo, tangrol.	1 st Nov. to 1 st March	Do.

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Capra hircus. Sind Wild Goat, Sair, Sarah, Phasin or Born Kuhl.	Do.	Do.
Capra falconeri. Markhor (all races except the straight horned races c.f. jerdoni and c.f. chialta nensis which are protected), Markhor.	Do.	Do.
Ovis orientalis. Urial (all races except O.o. punjabiensis) which is protected, Urial, Shapu, Shah Kohi, Koch.	Do.	Do.

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SECOND SCHEDULE.

[See section 2 (j)]

Protected Animals

1. All game animals when immature or not fully grown.
2. All Female game animals when-
 - (a) pregnant;
 - (b) in a condition that indicates they are suckling or feeding young;
 - (c) accompanied by their immature offspring.
3. All females of the following species: -

Nemorhaedus goral.—Goral or Piji, Ban-Bakri, Gurrur, Gudh, Sar, Pijur, Rai, Rom.

Capra hircus.—Sind Wild Goat or Ter, Sarah, Pashin, Pachin.

Capra falconeri.—(all races) Markhor or Rawachi.

Capra ibex.—Ibex or Trangol, Khail, Dabmo, Danmo,

Ovis orientalis.—(all races) Urial or Shapu, Hurian, Shah Kohi, Koch, Gad, Garand.
4. All individuals of the following species, genera, families or groups of birds: -

All members of the family ARDEIDAE: i.e. all herons, Night Herons, Paddy Birds, Egrets or Bittens.

All members of the family PELECANIDAE: i.e., all Pelicans.

All members of the family CICONIDAE: i.e., all Storks.

All members of the family THRESKIORNIDAE; i.e. All Ibises and Spoon bills.

All members of the family PHOENICOPTERIDAE; i.e., all flamingos.

All members of the genera Anser and Branta i.e. all Geese, including the Bar-headed Goose.

All members of the genus Cygnus i.e., all Swans.

The following species of Ducks: -

Anas angustirostris, Marbled Teal or Choi, Lanjho, Dudjalri.

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Anas poecilorhyncha. Spot-bill Duck, or Gampai, Gugral, Hampur, Hangro.

Nettapus coromandelicus.— Cotton TEAL OR Giri, Girria.

Oxyura leucocephala.— White headed Duck or stiff-tailed Duck, Ud-balau.

Cairina scutulata.— White-winged Wood Duck.

Sarkidiornis melanotus.— Comb Duck or Nukhta.

Rhodonessa caryphylacea.— Pink headed Duck.

All members of the family ACCIPTRIDAE; i.e. all Hawks, vultures, kites, Buzzards, Hawk-Eagles, Eagles, Harriers and Ospreys.

All members of the family FALCONIDAE; i.e., all Falcons, Kestrels, Hobbies.

All members of the family PHASIANIDAE; i.e., all Pheasants, Partridges, Quails, Spurfowls, Jungle fowls, and Peafowls other than those species specified in the First Schedule.

All members of the family GRUIDAE; i.e., all Cranes.

All members of the genus *Heliopais*; i.e., all Finfoots.

All members of the family OTIDIDAE; i.e., all Bustards other than the one species specified in the First Schedule.

Scolopaz rusticola.— Woodcock or simkukri, Jalalkari, Julkari, Wilaiti Chaha, Bumpal, Dhabba.

Pterocles alchata.— Large Pin-tailed Sandgrouse.

All members of the genus *Ducula*; i.e., all Imperial Pigeons.

5. All individuals of the following races, species, genera or groups of mammals: -

Nycticebus coucang.— Slow Loris or Sharmindi Billi, Lajja, Lajjawati, Babar.

Macaca mulatta villosa.— Himalayan Rhesus Monkey (i.e. all Rhesus Monkeys found in West Pakistan) Bandar, Punj, Markat.

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- Macaca assamensis*.— Assames Macaque or Bandar.
- Macaca irus*.— Crab-eating Macaque.
- Macaca speciosa*.— Stump-tailed Macaque.
- Presbytis pileatus*.— Capped Langur.
- Presbytis entellus*.— Common Langur or Hanuman, Dendoa.
- Presbytis obscurus*.— Dusky Leaf Monkey.
- Hylobates hoolock*.— Hoolock or White-browed Gibbon, Uluk.
- Manis crassicaudata*.— Pangolin or Bajra Kit, Bajra, Kapta, Suraj, Mukhi, Silu, Kishaur, SIBI, Mirun, Challa, Kat Pohu.
- Vulpes cana*.— Blanford's Fox.
- Cuon alpinus*.— Wild Dog or Dhole, Rankun, Ban Kutta, Bhoonsa.
- Martes flavigula*.— Yellow-throated Marten or Tututals, Chitrala, Chitrola.
- Vormela peregusna*.— Marbled Polecat.
- Mellivora capensis*.— Ratel or Honey Badger, Bejue, Gorpat, Ghurna.
- Lutra lutra*.— Common Otter or Ludher, Ud-bilaw, pani Kutta, Sagi Ab.
- Lutra perspicillata*.— Smooth Indian Otter or Ludher, Ludra, Udni.
- Aonyx cineria*.— Oriental Clawless Otter or Ludher.
- Viverra zibetha*.— Large Indian Civet, Kettas, Mach Bhondar, Bagdos, Pudu Gauja.
- Viverricula indica*.— Small Indian Civet or Naundero, Gandogaula, Kasturi.
- Paradoxurus hermaphroditus*.— Common Palm Civet or Toddy Cat, Kakati.
- Paguma larvata*.— Himalayan, Civet of Masked Palm Civet.
- Arotictis binturong*.— Binturong or Bear Cat.
- Felis caracal*.— Caracal or Siya-gush, Ech.
- Felis manul*.— Pallas's Cat.
- Felis lynx*.— Lynx or Patsalan, Phiauku.
- Felis margarita*.— Sand Cat.
- Felis bengalensis*.— Leopard Cat or Chita Billi, Ban Bilar.
- Felis viverrina*.— Fishing Cat or Mash Billi, Mach Bagral.
- Felis marmorata*.— Marbled Cat.
- Felis temmincki*.— Golden Cat.
- Neofelis nebulosa*.— Clouded Leopard or Amchita, Kung.
- Panthera pardus*.— Leopard or Panther, Tendwa, Chita, Chita Bagh Suh.
- Acinonyx jubatus*.— Cheetah or Laggar.

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Capolagus hispidus.— Hispid Hare or Assam Rabbit.

Callosciurus pygerythrus.— Hoary-bellied Himalayan Squirrel.

Equus hemionus.— Wild Ass or Ghor Khar, Ghuran, Kiang.

All members of the genera *Rhinoceros* or *Didemoseros* i.e. all *Rhinoceros*, Gainda, Gagadan.

Muntiacus muntjak.— Barking Deer or Muntac, Kakar, Maya.

Axis axis.— Spotted Dear or Chital, Chitra Jhank, Pagal, Hiran, Boro, Khetiya.

Axis porcinus.— Hog Deer or Para.

Gazelle gazelle.— Indian Ghazella or Chinkara, Kal-punch, Gora Hiran, Chitka, Hiran, Chiatika, Abu, Ast, Phaskela, Area Gambat, Gajar Onahkai.

Gazelle subgutterosa.— Goitred or Persian Gazelle, Pharal Ghazal.

Boselaphus tragocamelus.— Blue bull or Nilgai, Gond, Bain, Ranjh, Roz, Rojra.

Tetracerus quadricornis.— Four-horned Antelope or Chowsingha.

Capricornis sumatraensis.— Serow.

Hemitragus jemlahicus.— Tahr or Kras, Jagla, Tehr, Jehr.

Capra falconeri jerdani.— and *C.F. chialtanensis*.— straight Horned Races of Markhor (i.e., all Markhor found to the South and West of the North Waziristan Agency) Sarah, Pachin, Buzkuhi.

Pseudois nayaur.— Blue Sheep or Bharal Na, Sna, Maitu, Ghard Warr.

Ovis ammon. Both.— the race *O.a. polii* (Marco Polo's Sheep or Kuchan, Roosh) and the race *O.o hodgsoni*. (Great Tibetan Sheep or Nayan).

Ovis orientalis punjabiensis.— Punjab Urial (i.e., all Urial found on the West Bank of the River Indus below its junction with the Rive Kabul)

Hurian, Shah Kohi, Koch, Kar, Gad.

Sassalvanus.— Pygmy Hog.

Platanista gangetica.— River Dolphin or sus, Susu, Susuk, Sishuk, Bhujan, Sunsar.

6. All individuals of the following species, genera or families of reptiles:-

Crocodylus palustris.— Marsh Crocodile or Muggar, Magar Mach.

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Crocodylus porosus.— Estuarine Crocodile or Maggar.

Gavialis gangeticus.— Gharial, or Soondy Muggar, Sansar.

All Snakes of the genus *Python* i.e., all Pythons, Azdha, or Arar.

All Lizards of the genus *Varanus* i.e., all Monitor Lizards, Goah Bari Chapkali, Ram Gaddi, Suna Gaddi or Kala Gaddi.

All marine turtles of the genera *Dermochelys*, *Chelone*, *Caretta* and *Eretmochelys* i.e., all Leather back, Green or Edible, Hawks bill, Logger-head and Tortoise-shel Turtles.

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