

SIND ACT No. III OF 1941.¹

[THE SIND MINISTERS' SALARIES ACT, 1941.]

[22nd April, 1941]

An Act to repeal the Sind Ministers' Salaries Act, 1937, and to provide for the salaries and allowances of the Ministers of the Government of Sind.

WHEREAS provision has been made in sub-section (3) of section 51 of the Government of India Act, 1935, for determining from time to time, by Act of the Provincial Legislature the salaries of the Governor's Council of Ministers; and whereas it is expedient to change the existing rates of salaries which have been found to be inadequate; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Sind Ministers' Salaries Act, 1941.

Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from the 8th March 1941.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

Definitions.

(a) "Minister" means a Minister appointed under section 51 of the Government of India Act, 1935;

26 Geo. 5,
Ch. 2.

(b) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(c) "Government" means the Government of Sind.

3. (1) There shall be paid to each Minister a salary at the rate of ³[two thousand five hundred rupees per mensem and a motor car allowance at the rate of ⁴[six hundred] rupees per mensem].

Salary of Ministers.

⁵[(2) The Chief Minister shall, in addition, be paid one thousand rupees per mensem by way of sumptuary allowance.]

4. Every Minister shall be entitled, while touring on public business, to travelling and daily allowances at such rates and upon such conditions as may be prescribed.

Travelling allowances of Ministers.

⁶[5. (1) If a house belonging to Government is available for the use of a Minister, he shall be entitled to occupy it, along with grounds appurtenant thereto, for his residence free of rent. Such a house, along with grounds appurtenant thereto, shall be maintained at

¹ For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see S. G. G., 1941, Pt. IV, pp. 165-166 and for proceedings in Assembly, see S. L. A. Debates, 1941, Vol. XIII-Book No. 20, pp. 37-64, Book No. 21, pp. 7-29.

² Section 3 re-numbered as sub-section (1) of that section by Sind 9 of 1953, s. 2 (w. e. f. 22nd May 1953).

³ Subs. by Sind 3 of 1945, s. 2 (w. e. f. 14th March 1945), for "one thousand five hundred rupees per mensem".

⁴ Subs. by Sind 21 of 1947, s. 4 (w. e. f. 1st January 1947), for "four hundred".

⁵ Sub-section (2) added by Sind 9 of 1953, s. 2 (w. e. f. 22nd May 1953).

⁶ The original section 5 was first subs. by Sind 21 of 1947 and then by Sind 3 of 1955, s. 2.

public expense and be furnished in accordance with such scale as may be prescribed.

(2) If no such house is available for the use of Minister, he shall, in lieu thereof, be entitled to a house rent allowance of rupees 1,000 per mensem.

(3) If a house is requisitioned or taken on rent by Government for the use of a Minister, he shall pay the rent thereof and he shall not be entitled to have the house maintained or furnished at Government cost. In such case the Minister shall be paid a house rent allowance of rupees 1,000 per mensem.]

Provision as to motor cars.

6. A Minister shall not be entitled to use a motor car belonging to Government but if such a motor car is available for the use of a Minister he may use it on the following terms, namely:—

(a) the Minister shall pay two hundred rupees per mensem for the use of the motor car;

(b) the Minister shall at his own cost keep and maintain the motor car in efficient running order and also pay the cost of propulsion of the motor car;

(c) all taxes leviable in respect of the motor car and the cost of insuring it shall be paid by Government.

Provision as to free medical attendance and other concessions.

¹[6A. A Minister shall be entitled to free medical attendance and such other medical concession ²[as may be prescribed].

Occupation of house after the Minister has resigned his office.

7. Subject to the provisions of section 5, an outgoing Minister who is in occupation of a house belonging to Government shall, if he so chooses, be entitled to retain its occupation for a period not exceeding one month from the date of acceptance of the resignation of his office or of the termination of his appointment.

Rules.

³8. (1) The Provincial Government may make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(2) Rules made under this Act shall be laid upon the table of the Sind Legislative Assembly at the session of the Assembly next following and shall be liable to be modified or rescinded by a resolution of the said Assembly and the modification or rescission so made shall after publication in the *Official Gazette* be deemed to have come into force.

9. [Repeal of Sind Act I of 1937.] *Rep. by the Sind Laws (Adaptation, Revisions, Repeal and Declaration) Ordinance, 1955 (Sind 5 of 1955), s. 6, Sch. II.*

¹ Section 6A ins. by Sind 6 of 1950, s. 2.

² Subs. by Sind 2 of 1954, s. 2, for "just like first class officers of Govt.".

³ The original section 8 re-numbered as sub-section (2) of that section and sub-section(1) ins. by Saud 21 of 1947, s. 4(c) (w. e. f. 1st January 1947).