



The Sindh Government Gazette

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PART IV **PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY OF SINDH** **NOTIFICATION** **KARACHI, THE 6TH FEBRUARY, 2012.**

NO.PAS/Legis-B-14/2011- The Sindh Public Property (Removal of Encroachment) (Second Amendment) Bill, 2011 having been passed by the Provincial Assembly of Sindh on 6th January, 2012 and assented to by the Governor of Sindh on 26th January, 2012 is hereby published as an Act of the Legislature of Sindh.

THE SINDH PUBLIC PROPERTY **(REMOVAL OF ENCROACHMENT)** **(SECOND AMENDMENT) ACT, 2011.**

SINDH ACT NO. III OF 2012.

AN **ACT**

further to amend the Sindh Public Property (Removal of Encroachment) Act, 2010.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Sindh Preamble.

Public Property (Removal of Encroachment) Act, 2010, in the manner

L.IV 137-Ext-IV-3 .

(12)

Price Rs.20.00

(13) THE SINDH GOVERNMENT GAZETTE EXT. FEBRUARY 6, 2012 PART-IV

hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted as follows:-

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Sindh Public Property (Removal of Encroachment) (Second Amendment) Act, 2011.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

Amendment of section 12 of Act No. XVIII of 2010.

2. In the Sindh Public Property (Removal of Encroachment) Act, 2010, hereinafter referred to as the said Act, for section 12, the following shall be substituted:-

"12 (1) **Composition and Appointment of Presiding Officers of Tribunals:-** Government may, by Notification in the official Gazette, establish a Tribunal for each District.

(2) A Tribunal shall consist of a Presiding Officer, being a person who-

(i) is or has been District Judge or an additional District Judge; or

(ii) has for a period of not less than ten years been an advocate of the High Court.

(3) Government shall, after consultation with the Chief Justice of the High Court, appoint a Presiding Officer of the Tribunal.

(4) A Presiding Officer shall hold office for a period of two and half years but may be appointed for such further term or part of term as Government may determine.

(5) A Presiding Officer may be removed from his office prior to the completion of the period for which he has been appointed after consultation with the Chief Justice of the High Court."

